## Amendments To The Claims

- (Currently amended) A method for the treatment and/or prevention of a Parkinsonism-Plus Syndrome comprising administering to a person in need thereof a substance selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) human growth hormone;
  - a variant of (a) which has at least 70% sequence identity thereto and which has agonistic activity on the hGH receptor;
  - a variant of (a) having agonistic activity on the hGH receptor and which
    is encoded by a DNA sequence which hybridizes to the complement of
    the native DNA sequence encoding (a);
  - (d) a salt of (a), (b) or (c);
  - (e) human growth hormone releasing hormone (hGHRH);
  - a variant of (e) which has at least 70% sequence identity thereto and which has agonistic activity on the hGHRH receptor;
  - a variant of (e) having agonistic activity on the hGHRH receptor and which is encoded by a DNA sequence which hybridizes to the complement of the native DNA sequence encoding (e) under moderately stringent conditions;
  - (h) a salt of (e), (f) or (g); and
  - (i) insulin-like growth factor (IGF);
  - (i) a nucleic acid encoding any one of (a)-(i); and
  - (k) combinations thereof.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the Parkinsonism-Plus Syndrome is selected from the group consisting of Progressive Supranuclear Palsy (PSP), Multiple System Atrophy (MSA), Parkinson's-amyotrophic lateral sclerosis-dementia of Guam, Generalized Lewy body disease, Corticobasal ganglionic degeneration, Alzheimer's/Parkinson's

Attorney Docket No: 05558.0036.PCUS00

U.S. Appln, No. 10/595,076 Filed: September 7, 2006

overlap syndrome, Huntington's disease: rigid variant, Hallervorden-Spatz disease, and Gerstmann-Strausler syndrome.

- (Canceled).
- 4. (Canceled).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance is a naturally-occurring human growth hormone.
- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance is recombinant human growth hormone.
  - (Canceled).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the variant comprises amino acids 177 to 191 of hGH.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the variant is methionyl human growth hormone.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the variant is lacking the
   amino acid residues from Glu32 to Glu46 of hGH.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the variant is lacking the first eight amino acid residues at the N-terminus.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the variant is lacking the first 13 amino acid residues at the N-terminus.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance comprises
   a dimer of human growth hormone selected from the group consisting of a disulfide dimer

Attorney Docket No: 05558.0036.PCUS00

U.S. Appln. No. 10/595,076 Filed: September 7, 2006

connected through interchain disulfide bonds, a covalent irreversible non-disulfide dimer, a non-covalent dimer, and mixtures thereof

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance is chemically derivatized.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the derivative is selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) the substance is acetylated at the N-terminus;
  - (b) the substance is deaminated;
  - (c) the substance is sulfoxidized at one or more methionine residues; and
  - (d) the substance is derivatized at one or more amino acid side chains with a
    polyethylene glycol (PEG) moiety.
  - 16. (Canceled).
  - (Canceled).

(h)

- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance is administered at a dosage selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) about 0.1 to 10 mg per person per day;
  - (b) about 0.5 to 6 mg per person per day;
  - (c) about 1 mg per person per day;
  - (d) a dosage administered daily;
  - (e) a dosage administered every other day;
  - alternating daily dosages, wherein the first dosage is higher than the second dosage;
  - (g) alternating daily dosages, wherein the first dosage is about 1 mg per person and the second dosage is about 0.5 mg per person;
    - about 6 mg per person;

Attorney Docket No: 05558.0036.PCUS00

U.S. Appln, No. 10/595,076 Filed: September 7, 2006

- (i) about 5 mg per person; and
- (j) about 4.5 mg per person.
- 19. (Canceled).
- (Canceled).
- (Canceled).
- 22. (Canceled).
- 23. (Canceled).
- 24. (Canceled).
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the substance is derivatized at one or more side chains of amino acid residues.
  - 26. (Canceled).
  - (Canceled).
  - 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the IGF is IGF-I or IGF-II.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance is IGF and the
  patient is further administered IGFBP (Insulin-like Growth Factor Binding Protein),
  simultaneous, sequential, or separate from the IGF.
  - 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the IGFBP is IGFBP3.
  - (Canceled).
  - 32. (Canceled).

U.S. Appln. No. 10/595,076 Attorney Docket No: 05558,0036,PCUS00 Filed; September 7, 2006

33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the substance is administered in a manner selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) the substance is administered subcutaneously;
- (b) the substance is administered intramuscularly; and
- (c) the substance is administered with an auto-injector.
- (Canceled).
- (Canceled).
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the nucleic acid is an expression vector.
- 37. (Withdrawn) A method for the treatment and/or prevention of a Parkinsonism-Plus Syndrome, comprising administering to a person in need thereof a cell, wherein the cell produces a substance capable of treating or preventing a Parkinsonism-Plus Syndrome according to the method of claim 1.
  - 38. (Canceled).